HEN20404 S.L.C.

116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	S.
------------------------------	----

To end the practice of including more than one subject in a single bill by requiring that each bill enacted by Congress be limited to only one subject, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. PAUL introduced the following	bill; which	was read	twice and	l referred t	0
the Committee on					

A BILL

- To end the practice of including more than one subject in a single bill by requiring that each bill enacted by Congress be limited to only one subject, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "One Subject at a Time
 - 5 Act".
 - 6 SEC. 2. ONE SUBJECT AT A TIME.
 - 7 (a) One Subject.—Each bill or joint resolution
 - 8 shall embrace no more than one subject.

HEN20404 S.L.C.

- 1 (b) Subject in Title.—The subject of a bill or joint
- 2 resolution shall be clearly and descriptively expressed in
- 3 the title.
- 4 (c) Appropriation Bills.—An appropriations bill
- 5 shall not contain any general legislation or change to a
- 6 provision of existing law, the subject of which is not ger-
- 7 mane to the subject matter of each such appropriations
- 8 bill; provided, however, that this section shall not be con-
- 9 strued to prohibit any provision imposing limitations upon
- 10 the expenditure of funds so appropriated.

11 SEC. 3. ENFORCEMENT.

- 12 (a) MULTIPLE SUBJECTS IN TITLE.—If the title of
- 13 an Act or joint resolution addresses two or more unrelated
- 14 subjects, the entire Act or joint resolution is void.
- 15 (b) Provisions Not Expressed in Title.—If the
- 16 title of an Act or joint resolution addresses a single sub-
- 17 ject, but the Act contains one or more provisions con-
- 18 cerning a subject that is not clearly and descriptively ex-
- 19 pressed in its title, only such provision or provisions con-
- 20 cerning the subject not clearly and descriptively expressed
- 21 in the title shall be void.
- 22 (c) Appropriation Provisions Outside Sub-
- 23 COMMITTEE JURISDICTION.—If an Act appropriating
- 24 funds contains a provision outside of the jurisdiction of
- 25 the relevant subcommittee of the Committees on Appro-

HEN20404 S.L.C.

1 priations of the House of Representatives and of the Sen-

- 2 ate, and therefore outside the subject of the bill, such pro-
- 3 vision shall be void.
- 4 (d) Provisions of Appropriation Bills Not
- 5 Germane to Subject Matter.—If an Act appro-
- 6 priating funds contains a provision of general legislation
- 7 or a change of a provision of existing law not germane
- 8 to the subject matter of such bill, such provision shall be
- 9 void.
- 10 (e) Commencement of an Action.—Any person
- 11 aggrieved by the enforcement of, or attempt or threat of
- 12 enforcement of, an Act passed without having complied
- 13 with section 2 or this section, or any Member of Congress
- 14 aggrieved by the failure of the House of Congress of which
- 15 that individual is a member to comply with any require-
- 16 ment of those sections, shall, regardless of the amount in
- 17 controversy, have a cause of action under sections 2201
- 18 and 2202 of title 28, United States Code, against the
- 19 United States to seek appropriate relief, including an in-
- 20 junction against the enforcement of any law, the passage
- 21 of which did not conform to section 2 or this section.
- 22 (f) State of Review.—In any judicial action
- 23 brought pursuant to subsection (e), the standard of review
- 24 shall be de novo.